



STIC Search Report

Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 130896

TO: Zohreh Fay
Location: 3a61 / 3c70
Wednesday, September 01, 2004
Art Unit: 1614
Phone: 272-0573
Serial Number: 10 / 659708

From: Jan Delaval
Location: Biotech-Chem Library
Rem 1A51
Phone: 272-2504

jan.delaval@uspto.gov

Search Notes

150846

Access DB# _____

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Zohreh Fay Examiner #: 66646 Date: 8/26/04
 Art Unit: 1614 Phone Number: 301-571-272-0573 Serial Number: 101659708
 Mail Box and Bldg Room Location: 3070/3A61 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or number of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc. if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: A Method for treating lung cancer using insulin-like growth factor.
 Inventors (please provide full names): _____

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 9/11/02

For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

please search the claimed method of

use

Jan

STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher: Jan

Searcher Phone #: 22504

Searcher Location: _____

Date Searched Picked Up: 9/1

Date Completed: 9/1

Searcher Prep & Review Time: _____

Technical Prep Time: 10

Online Fee: 25

Type of Search

NA Sequence (#) _____

AA Sequence (#) _____

Structure (#) _____

Bibliographic ☒

Litigation _____

Fulltext _____

Patent Family _____

Other _____

Vendors and cost where applicable

STN ☒

Dialog _____

Questel/Orbit _____

Dr.Link _____

Lexis/Nexis _____

Sequence Systems _____

WWW/Internet _____

Other (specify) _____

STC 150846 (1)

=> fil hcaplus
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:02:44 ON 01 SEP 2004
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Sep 2004 VOL 141 ISS 10
FILE LAST UPDATED: 31 Aug 2004 (20040831/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:46:07 ON 01 SEP 2004)
SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:46:16 ON 01 SEP 2004

E IGFBP
L1 859 S E12-E15
L2 2926 S E3()3
L3 1267 S INSULIN LIKE GROWTH FACTOR BINDING PROTEIN 3
L4 3278 S L1-L3
E INSULIN/CT
L5 2241 S E70,E76
E E62+ALL
L6 1156 S E2
L7 3532 S L4-L6
E LUNG NEOPLASM/CT
L8 24960 S E53-E69
E E53+ALL
L9 25811 S E21,E20+NT
L10 62 S L7 AND L8,L9
L11 1 S US20040127411/PN OR (WO2003-US28354 OR US2002-409852#)/AP,PRN
E INSMED/PA,CS
L12 17 S E3-E26
E LEYLAND JONES/AU
L13 86 S E4-E6
E LEYLAND B/AU
L14 1 S L10 AND L11-L13
L15 50 S L10 AND (PD<=20020911 OR PRD<=20020911 OR PD<=20020911)
L16 13 S L15 AND (PHARMACEUT? OR PHARMACOL? OR IMMUN?)/SC,SX
L17 12 S L16 NOT L14
SEL DN AN 4 6 10
L18 9 S L17 NOT E1-E9
L19 10 S L14,L18
L20 37 S L15 NOT L16-L19
SEL DN AN L20 2 4 5 9 11 18 20-22 24 28 30
L21 12 S E10-E45 AND L20
L22 22 S L19,L21

L23 12 S L10 NOT L15-L22
 SEL DN AN L23 10
 L24 1 S E46-E48 AND L23
 L25 23 S L22,L24
 L26 23 S L25 AND (IGF OR IGFBP OR BINDING PROTEIN)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:02:44 ON 01 SEP 2004

=> d all tot l26

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2004:252365 HCAPLUS
 DN 140:247046
 ED Entered STN: 26 Mar 2004
 TI Methods for treating cancer, particularly lung cancer, using
 insulin-like growth factor
 binding protein-3
 IN Leyland-jones, Brian
 PA Insmmed, Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K038-28
 CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004024179	A1	20040325	WO 2003-US28354	20030911 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2004127411	A1	20040701	US 2003-659708	20030911 <--
PRAI US 2002-409852P	P	20020911 <--		

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004024179	ICM	A61K038-28
AB	The invention discloses the use of insulin like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) as an antineoplastic agent. More particularly, the invention discloses the use of IGFBP-3 in the treatment of patients with lung cancer.	
ST	cancer treatment insulin like growth factor binding protein 3; lung cancer antitumor IGFBP3	
IT	Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (IGFBP-3; insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 for treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)	
IT	Drug resistance (antitumor; insulin-like growth	

factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colorectal carcinoma; insulin-like growth
factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT Drug delivery systems
(infusions, i.v.; insulin-like growth
factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, i.v.; insulin-like growth
factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, s.c.; insulin-like growth
factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT Antitumor agents
Drug delivery systems
Drug interactions
Human
Lung, neoplasm
Mammary gland, neoplasm
Radiosensitizers, biological
Radiotherapy
(insulin-like growth factor
binding protein-3 for treating cancer,
particularly lung cancer)

IT neu (receptor)
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(insulin-like growth factor
binding protein-3 for treating cancer,
particularly lung cancer)

IT Drug delivery systems
(parenterals; insulin-like growth
factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT Antitumor agents
(resistance to; insulin-like growth
factor binding protein-3 for
treating cancer, particularly lung cancer)

IT 41575-94-4, Carboplatin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
(insulin-like growth factor
binding protein-3 for treating cancer,
particularly lung cancer)

IT 33069-62-4, Paclitaxel 97682-44-5, Irinotecan 180288-69-1, Herceptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(insulin-like growth factor
binding protein-3 for treating cancer,
particularly lung cancer)

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) West, S; US 5681818 1997 HCAPLUS

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2004:80714 HCAPLUS

DN 140:141434

ED Entered STN: 01 Feb 2004

TI Human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks
underlying the development of cancer and other diseases

IN Merino, Alejandro; Bouwmeester, Tewis; Bauer, Andreas; Drewes, Gerard;
Marzioch, Martina; Kruse, Ulrich; Superti-Furga, Giulio; Eberhard, Dirk;
Ruffner, Heinz; Hobson, Scott; Helftenbein, Gerd; Cruciat, Cristina
PA Cellzome Ag, Germany; et al.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 810 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
IC ICM C07K014-39
CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3, 14

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004009622	A2	20040129	WO 2003-EP7835	20030718 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI	EP 2002-16109	A	20020719	<--	
	EP 2002-16111	A	20020719	<--	
	EP 2002-16123	A	20020719	<--	
	EP 2002-16128	A	20020719	<--	
	EP 2002-16427	A	20020722	<--	

CLASS .

	PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
	WO 2004009622	ICM	C07K014-39
AB	The present invention relates to protein complexes involved in cellular processes which have been shown to be critical for the development of various forms of cancer, component proteins of the said complexes, fragments and derivs. of the component proteins, and antibodies specific to the complexes. The present invention also relates to methods for use of the complexes and their interacting proteins in, inter alia, screening, diagnosis, and therapy, as well as to methods of preparing the complexes.		
ST	human protein complex sequence cancer diagnosis drug therapy		
IT	Cyclins		
	RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (A, complexes; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)		
IT	Transport proteins		
	RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ABC (ATP-binding cassette) transporters, family D-member 3; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)		
IT	Transport proteins		
	RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ABCC3 (ATP-binding cassette transporter sub-family C member 3); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)		
IT	Transport proteins		
	RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)		

(ADP/ATP carrier; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ARP2 (actin-related protein 2); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(BAG-1 (Bcl2-associated athanogene 1); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(BIK (Bcl-2-interacting killer); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(BNIP3; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(BTG1; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Bad; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Bax; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Bcl-2; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Bim; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(CAF-1 (chromatin assembly factor I), subunit C; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(CBL; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

- RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(CDC37; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Antigens
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(CENP-F (centromere-associated protein F); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Enzymes, biological studies
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(DNA helicase II; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(DNA-binding, UV-damaged; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Gene, animal
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ERBIN; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(GAB1 (GRB2-associated binder 1); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(GRB (growth factor receptor-bound), GRB7; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(GRB-2 (growth factor receptor-bound protein 2); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Cell migration
(Gab1 signaling protein complex; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Epidermal growth factor receptors
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(HER4; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Heat-shock proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(HSP 90, α ; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(IGFBP-3; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IRS-1 (insulin receptor substrate 1); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IRS-2 (insulin receptor substrate 2); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(MAD2 (mitotic arrest deficient 2), MAD2L1; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT DNA formation factors
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(MCM4; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(MLH3; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(MSH6; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Antigens
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(NY-CO-7; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(PDCD (programmed cell death), 2; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(RAD50; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(RAP1 (repressor/activator site-binding protein 1); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(RINGO1; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Enzymes, biological studies
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(RNA helicase; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular
networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT GTPase-activating protein
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(RasGAP; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular
networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(SHC; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks
underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(SKP1 (S-phase kinase-associated protein 1); human protein sequences of
protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of
cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(TRF1 (telomeric repeat-binding factor 1); human protein sequences of
protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of
cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(TRF2 (telomere repeat-binding factor 2); human protein sequences of
protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of
cancer and other diseases)

IT Ribonucleoproteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(U5 snRNP (U5 snRNA-containing small nuclear ribonucleoprotein); human
protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying
the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Anion channel
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(VDAC (voltage-dependent anion channel); human protein sequences of
protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of
cancer and other diseases)

IT Annexins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(VI; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks
underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(WD repeat-containing; human protein sequences of protein complexes of
cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other
diseases)

IT Glycoproteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ZAG (zinc- α 2-glycoprotein); human protein sequences of protein
complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and
other diseases)

IT Purification

(affinity; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Transport proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(amino acid transporter, excitatory; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Nervous system, disease
(amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(c-Raf; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(c-crk; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colon; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colorectal; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(complexes; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(complexes; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Nervous system, disease
(degeneration; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Interleukins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(enhancer binding factor 3; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Growth factor receptors
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(erbB-3, HER2; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(fragments; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Agglutinins and Lectins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(galectin-7; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Proteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (gene CDC2, complexes; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Phosphoproteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (gene cdk2, complexes; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Ribonucleoproteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hnRNP (heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Ribonucleoproteins

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hnRNP H2 (heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein H2); human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Alzheimer's disease

Bladder, neoplasm
 Buffers
 Chemotherapy
 Disease, animal
 Drug design
 Drug screening
 Drugs
 Genetic vectors
 Human
 Labels
 Leukemia
Lung, neoplasm
 Lymphoma
 Mammary gland, neoplasm
 Melanoma
 Microarray technology
 Molecular cloning
 Multiple myeloma
 Neoplasm
 Nucleic acid hybridization
 Ovary, neoplasm
 Prognosis
 Prostate gland, neoplasm
 Protein sequences
 Psoriasis
 Stomach, neoplasm
 Susceptibility (genetic)
 Test kits
 Transcriptional regulation
 Transformation, genetic
 (human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Reagents

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT Nucleic acids

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES

- (Uses)
 (human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks
 underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Actins
 Epidermal growth factor receptors
 Filamin
 GTPase-activating protein
 Glial fibrillary acidic protein
 Hepatocyte growth factor receptors
 Proliferating cell nuclear antigen
 Transcription factors
 Transferrin receptors
 neu (receptor)
 neu (receptor)
 α 1-Acid glycoprotein
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks
 underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
 USES (Uses)
 (human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks
 underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Apoptosis
 (induction, by Bcl-2; human protein sequences of protein complexes of
 cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other
 diseases)
- IT Neoplasm
 (metastasis, by Gab1 protein complex; human protein sequences of
 protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of
 cancer and other diseases)
- IT Diagnosis
 (mol.; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular
 networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (mutS; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular
 networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (nuclear matrix-associated; human protein sequences of protein complexes
 of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other
 diseases)
- IT Proteins
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (nucleolar organizer-associated; human protein sequences of protein
 complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and
 other diseases)
- IT Proteins
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (nucleophosmin; human protein sequences of protein complexes of
 cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other
 diseases)
- IT Proteins
 RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (nucleoplasmins; human protein sequences of protein complexes of
 cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other

- diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(p120; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(p23; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Ras proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(p23R-ras; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(p30; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Animal tissue
Cell
Organ, animal
(protein expression in; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(recombinant, protein fused with tag or label; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(semaphorin 3A; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Neoplasm
(solid; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(telokins; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Transport proteins
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(tricarboxylate transporter; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT Amyloid
RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(β -; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)
- IT 652207-39-1, Protein (human) 652208-91-8, Protein (human) 652208-92-9, Protein (human) 652208-93-0, Protein (human) 652208-94-1, Protein (human) 652208-95-2, Protein (human) 652208-96-3, Protein (human) 652208-97-4, Protein (human) 652208-98-5, Protein (human) 652208-99-6, Protein (human) 652209-00-2, Protein (human) 652209-01-3, Protein

(human) 652209-02-4, Protein	(human) 652209-03-5, Protein	(human)
652209-04-6, Protein (human)	652209-05-7, Protein (human)	652209-06-8,
Protein (human) 652209-07-9,	Protein (human) 652209-08-0,	Protein
(human) 652209-09-1, Protein	(human) 652209-10-4, Protein	(human)
652209-11-5, Protein (human)	652209-12-6, Protein (human)	652209-13-7,
Protein (human) 652209-14-8,	Protein (human) 652209-15-9,	Protein
(human) 652209-16-0, Protein	(human) 652209-17-1, Protein	(human)
652209-18-2, Protein (human)	652209-19-3, Protein (human)	652209-20-6,
Protein (human) 652209-21-7,	Protein (human) 652209-22-8,	Protein
(human) 652209-23-9, Protein	(human) 652209-24-0, Protein	(human)
652209-25-1, Protein (human)	652209-26-2, Protein (human)	652209-27-3,
Protein (human) 652209-28-4,	Protein (human) 652209-29-5,	Protein
(human) 652209-30-8, Protein	(human) 652209-31-9, Protein	(human)
652209-32-0, Protein (human)	652209-33-1, Protein (human)	652209-34-2,
Protein (human) 652209-35-3,	Protein (human) 652209-36-4,	Protein
(human) 652209-37-5, Protein	(human) 652209-38-6, Protein	(human)
652209-39-7, Protein (human)	652209-40-0, Protein (human)	652209-41-1,
Protein (human) 652209-42-2,	Protein (human) 652209-43-3,	Protein
(human) 652209-44-4, Protein	(human) 652209-45-5, Protein	(human)
652209-46-6, Protein (human)	652209-47-7, Protein (human)	652209-48-8,
Protein (human) 652209-49-9,	Protein (human) 652209-50-2,	Protein
(human) 652209-51-3, Protein	(human) 652209-52-4, Protein	(human)
652209-53-5, Protein (human)	652209-54-6, Protein (human)	652209-55-7,
Protein (human) 652209-56-8,	Protein (human) 652209-57-9,	Protein
(human) 652209-58-0, Protein	(human) 652209-59-1, Protein	(human)
652209-60-4, Protein (human)	652209-61-5, Protein (human)	652209-62-6,
Protein (human) 652209-63-7,	Protein (human) 652209-64-8,	Protein
(human) 652209-65-9, Protein	(human) 652209-66-0, Protein	(human)
652209-67-1, Protein (human)	652209-68-2, Protein (human)	652209-69-3,
Protein (human) 652209-70-6,	Protein (human) 652209-71-7,	Protein
(human) 652209-72-8, Protein	(human) 652209-73-9, Protein	(human)
652209-74-0, Protein (human)	652209-75-1, Protein (human)	652209-76-2,
Protein (human) 652209-77-3,	Protein (human) 652209-78-4,	Protein
(human) 652209-79-5, Protein	(human) 652209-80-8, Protein	(human)
652209-81-9, Protein (human)	652209-82-0, Protein (human)	652209-83-1,
Protein (human) 652209-84-2,	Protein (human) 652209-85-3,	Protein
(human) 652209-86-4, Protein	(human) 652209-87-5, Protein	(human)
652209-88-6, Protein (human)	652209-89-7, Protein (human)	652209-90-0,
Protein (human) 652209-91-1,	Protein (human) 652209-92-2,	Protein
(human) 652209-93-3, Protein	(human) 652209-94-4, Protein	(human)
652209-95-5, Protein (human)	652209-96-6, Protein (human)	652209-97-7,
Protein (human) 652209-98-8,	Protein (human) 652209-99-9,	Protein
(human) 652210-00-9, Protein	(human) 652210-01-0, Protein	(human)
652210-02-1, Protein (human)	652210-03-2, Protein (human)	652210-04-3,
Protein (human) 652210-05-4,	Protein (human) 652210-06-5,	Protein
(human) 652210-07-6, Protein	(human) 652210-08-7, Protein	(human)
652210-09-8, Protein (human)	652210-10-1, Protein (human)	652210-11-2,
Protein (human) 652210-12-3,	Protein (human) 652210-13-4,	Protein
(human) 652210-14-5, Protein	(human) 652210-15-6, Protein	(human)
652210-16-7, Protein (human)	652210-17-8, Protein (human)	652210-18-9,
Protein (human) 652210-19-0,	Protein (human) 652210-20-3,	Protein
(human) 652210-21-4, Protein	(human) 652210-22-5, Protein	(human)
652210-23-6, Protein (human)	652210-24-7, Protein (human)	652210-25-8,
Protein (human) 652210-26-9,	Protein (human) 652210-27-0,	Protein
(human) 652210-28-1, Protein	(human) 652210-29-2, Protein	(human)
652210-30-5, Protein (human)	652210-31-6, Protein (human)	652210-32-7,
Protein (human) 652210-33-8,	Protein (human) 652210-34-9,	Protein
(human) 652210-35-0, Protein	(human) 652210-36-1, Protein	(human)
652210-37-2, Protein (human)	652210-38-3, Protein (human)	652210-39-4
652210-40-7, Protein (human)	652210-41-8, Protein (human)	652210-42-9,
Protein (human) 652210-43-0,	Protein (human) 652210-44-1,	Protein
(human) 652210-45-2, Protein	(human) 652210-46-3, Protein	(human)
652210-47-4, Protein (human)	652210-48-5, Protein (human)	652210-49-6

Protein (human) 652210-50-9, Protein (human) 652210-51-0, Protein (human) 652210-52-1, Protein (human) 652210-53-2, Protein (human) 652210-54-3, Protein (human) 652210-55-4, Protein (human) 652210-56-5, Protein (human) 652210-57-6, Protein (human) 652210-58-7, Protein (human) 652210-59-8, Protein (human) 652210-60-1, Protein (human) 652210-61-2, Protein (human) 652210-62-3, Protein (human) 652210-63-4, Protein (human) 652210-64-5, Protein (human) 652210-65-6, Protein (human) 652210-66-7, Protein (human) 652210-67-8, Protein (human) 652210-68-9, Protein (human) 652210-69-0, Protein (human) 652210-70-3, Protein (human) 652210-71-4, Protein (human) 652210-72-5, Protein (human) 652210-73-6, Protein (human) 652210-74-7, Protein (human) 652210-75-8, Protein (human) 652210-76-9, Protein (human) 652210-77-0, Protein (human) 652210-78-1, Protein (human) 652210-79-2, Protein (human) 652210-80-5, Protein (human) 652210-81-6, Protein (human) 652210-82-7, Protein (human)

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT 9023-70-5, Glutamine synthetase 9027-01-4 9028-06-2, Proline 4 hydroxylase 9030-23-3, Thymidine phosphorylase 9030-74-4, Dihydropyrimidinase 9047-64-7, Ribonucleoside diphosphate reductase 9054-51-7, Histone acetyl transferase 37318-49-3 50864-48-7, Sphingosine kinase 60382-71-0, Diacylglycerol kinase 80449-01-0, DNA topoisomerase 86480-67-3, Ubiquitin carboxyl terminal hydrolase 115926-52-8, PI3-kinase 116283-83-1, Elongation factor 2 kinase 119699-77-3, Inositol polyphosphate 5-phosphatase 137632-09-8, HER2 Kinase 140879-24-9, Proteasome 148938-24-3, Meprin A 150605-49-5, Palmitoyl protein thioesterase 1 192140-82-2, Squamous cell carcinoma antigen 1 205944-60-1, Squamous cell carcinoma antigen 2 213390-44-4, ATP-dependent metalloprotease 303752-61-6, DNA-dependent protein kinase 362479-32-1, Serine threonine protein phosphatase 1 362674-81-5 372092-80-3, Protein kinase

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT 9014-24-8, DNA-dependent RNA polymerase

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(isoform II; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT 9004-06-2, Elastase

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(of leukocytes, of leukocytes, inhibitor; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT 9001-92-7, Protease

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tags separated by cleavage site for a; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

IT 366806-33-9, Casein kinase II

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(α chain; human protein sequences of protein complexes of cellular networks underlying the development of cancer and other diseases)

AN 2004:18721 HCAPLUS
 DN 140:71004
 ED Entered STN: 09 Jan 2004
 TI Viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the
 diagnosis and treatment of cancer
 IN Lee, Ho-young
 PA USA
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 82 pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K048-00
 ICS A61K038-18
 NCL 424093200; 514002000; 514044000
 CC 1-6 (**Pharmacology**)
 Section cross-reference(s): 15, 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2004005294	A1	20040108	US 2003-377142	20030225 <--
PRAI US 2002-359536P	P	20020225	<--	

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
US 2004005294	ICM	A61K048-00
	ICS	A61K038-18
	NCL	424093200; 514002000; 514044000

AB The present invention provides methods of inhibiting cancer cell growth by using insulin-like growth factor-binding protein **IGFBP-3** polypeptides and expression constructs coding therefor. In a particular aspect, the invention provides adenoviral constructs expressing **IGFBP-3**, and their use to inhibit non-small cell lung cancer. In addition, **IGFBP-3** expression can be diagnostic of cancer development and progression. Methods for assessing **IGFBP-3** expression, for example using promoter methylation assays, are described.

ST viral vector **IGFBP3** diagnosis antitumor lung cancer

IT Genetic methods
 (DNase protection, for detecting **IGFBP-3** gene mutation; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Gene, microbial
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (E1, deletion of; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (**IGFBP-3**; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Estrogen receptors
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (binding agent, for cancer therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Promoter (genetic element)
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cancer tissue-specific, inducible, constitutive; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colon; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Adenoviral vectors
Genetic vectors
Retroviral vectors
(encoding **IGFBP-3**; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT DNA sequence analysis
RFLP (restriction fragment length polymorphism)
(for detecting **IGFBP-3** gene mutation; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Neoplasm
(hematol.; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Promoter (genetic element)
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(immediate early, CMV; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Drug delivery systems
(intratumoral, systemic; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Microwave
UV radiation
(irradiation, therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Gamma ray
(irradiation; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT PCR (polymerase chain reaction)
(methylation specific; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Neck, anatomical
(neoplasm; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm
(non-small-cell carcinoma, treatment of; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Lipids, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(non-viral vector encapsulated with; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Mutation
(of **IGFBP-3** gene; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Methylation
(of the **IGFBP-3** promoter; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Gene, animal
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(oncogene, antisense, therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT Hormones, animal, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(peptide, therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3**)

- and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT Genetic element
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (polyadenylation signal, **IGFBP-3** encoding vector
 comprising; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use
 for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT Proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (pro-apoptotic, therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3**
 and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT Cytomegalovirus
 (promoter; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use
 for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (single chain, anti-oncogene, therapy; viral vectors encoding
IGFBP-3 and use for the diagnosis and treatment of
 cancer)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
 Cytokines
 Toxins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use
 for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT Adeno-associated virus
 Herpesviridae
 Papillomavirus
 Vaccinia virus
 (vector, encoding **IGFBP-3**; viral vectors encoding
IGFBP-3 and use for the diagnosis and treatment of
 cancer)
- IT Antitumor agents
 Brain, neoplasm
 Chemotherapy
 Esophagus, neoplasm
 Gene therapy
 Head, neoplasm
 Liver, neoplasm
Lung, neoplasm
 Mammary gland, neoplasm
 Ovary, neoplasm
 Pancreas, neoplasm
 Prostate gland, neoplasm
 Radiotherapy
 Skin, neoplasm
 Stomach, neoplasm
 Surgery
 Testis, neoplasm
 Uterus, neoplasm
 (viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for the
 diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT Radiotherapy
 (x-ray; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3** and use for
 the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)
- IT 50-07-7, Mitomycin 50-18-0, Cyclophosphamide 50-76-0, Dactinomycin
 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil 51-75-2, Mechlorethamine 55-98-1, Busulfan
 57-22-7, Vincristin 59-05-2, Methotrexate 148-82-3, Melphalan
 305-03-3, Chlorambucil 671-16-9, Procarbazine 865-21-4, Vinblastin
 3778-73-2, Ifosfamide 7689-03-4, Camptothecin 10540-29-1, Tamoxifen
 11056-06-7, Bleomycin 13010-20-3, Nitrosurea 14913-33-8, 15663-27-1,
 Cisplatin 18378-89-7, Plicamycin 20830-81-3, Daunorubicin
 23214-92-8, Doxorubicin 33069-62-4, Taxol 33419-42-0, Etoposide
 41575-94-4, Carboplatin 84449-90-1, Raloxifene 95058-81-4, Gemcitabine

125317-39-7, Navelbine
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (for cancer therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3**
 and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

IT 131384-38-8, Protein farnesyl transferase
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (inhibitor, for cancer therapy; viral vectors encoding **IGFBP-3**
 and use for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer)

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2003:950024 HCAPLUS
 DN 140:13080
 ED Entered STN: 05 Dec 2003
 TI **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small
 molecule
 IN Mascarenhas, Desmond
 PA USA
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 46 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 264,672.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K038-00
 NCL 514012000
 CC 1-12 (**Pharmacology**)
 FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2003224990	A1	20031204	US 2003-383999	20030307 <--
	US 2003059430	A1	20030327	US 2002-215759	20020809 <--
	US 2003161829	A1	20030828	US 2002-264672	20021004 <--
PRAI	US 2001-323267P	P	20010918	<--	
	US 2002-215759	A2	20020809	<--	
	US 2002-264672	A2	20021004		

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
US 2003224990	ICM	A61K038-00
	NCL	514012000
US 2003224990	ECLA	A61K038/30 <--
US 2003161829	ECLA	A61K038/30 <--

AB New comps. based on **IGF-binding protein**
 sequences are provided. The peptides of the invention have the following
 biol. property pro-apoptotic, antiangiogenic, antiinflammatory,
 cardiovascular, metal-binding, ECM-binding, cell internalization, protease
 inhibition, transcriptional modulation, cell imaging, and expression tag
 properties. New tools for high-throughput research are provided. New
 methods for the treatment of human disease are provided. **IGFBP-3**-
 derived peptide or small mol. is administered to subjects having
 disease, thereby alleviating the symptoms of the disease. The diseases
 that can be treated include cancer, autoimmune disease, cardiovascular
 indications, arthritis, asthma and allergy, reproductive indications,
 retinal proliferative disease, bone disease, inflammatory disease,
 inflammatory bowel disease, and fibrotic disease.

ST **IGFBP** peptide therapeutic use
 IT Proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (Bax, expression of Bax- α is stimulated by IFGBP3 and peptides;
IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or
 small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Extracellular matrix
 (ECM-binding activity; **IGF-binding protein**

- derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Proteins
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (IAP (integrin-associated protein), proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of **IGFBP** peptides are integrin dependent;
 - IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Allergy
 - Allergy inhibitors
 - Angiogenesis inhibitors
 - Anti-inflammatory agents
 - Antiarthritics
 - Antiasthmatics
 - Antitumor agents
 - Arthritis
 - Asthma
 - Autoimmune disease
 - Bone, disease
 - Cardiovascular agents
 - Chelating agents
 - Fibrosis
 - Human
 - Imaging agents
 - Immunomodulators
 - Lung, neoplasm**
 - Mammary gland, neoplasm
 - Neoplasm
 - Ovary, neoplasm
 - Pancreas, neoplasm
 - Peptidomimetics
 - Prostate gland, neoplasm
 - Stomach, neoplasm
 - (**IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 - Peptides, biological studies
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (**IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (**IGFBP-3; IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Mammary gland, neoplasm
 - (adenocarcinoma; **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Signal transduction, biological
 - (apoptotic activity of **IGFBP** peptides is dependent on PI3K/ILK signal transduction; **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Proteins
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (caveolins, **IGFBP** derived peptide contains a caveolin consensus binding site; **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)
- IT Biological transport
 - (cell internalization activity; **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colon; **IGF-binding protein**-derived
peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Reproduction, animal
(disorder; **IGF-binding protein**-derived
peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Gene, animal
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(expression tag properties; **IGF-binding
protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic
properties)

IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; **IGF-binding protein**
-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Biological transport
(intracellular, nuclear translocation of **IGFBP** peptides
involves caveolin- and; **IGF-binding protein**
-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Transcription, genetic
(modulators; **IGF-binding protein**-derived
peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Cell nucleus
(nuclear translocation of **IGFBP** peptides involves caveolin-
and clathrin-mediated pathways; **IGF-binding
protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic
properties)

IT Endocytosis
(nuclear translocation of **IGFBP** peptides involves caveolin-
and; **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide
or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Transferrin receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of **IGFBP**
peptides are integrin dependent; **IGF-binding
protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic
properties)

IT Apoptosis
(proapoptotic activity; **IGF-binding protein**
-derived peptide or small mol. with therapeutic properties)

IT Eye, disease
(retinopathy, retinal proliferative disease; **IGF-
binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with
therapeutic properties)

IT Integrins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(α v, proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of
IGFBP peptides are integrin dependent; **IGF-
binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with
therapeutic properties)

IT Integrins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(α 5, proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of
IGFBP peptides are integrin dependent; **IGF-
binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with
therapeutic properties)

IT Integrins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(α 6, proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of
IGFBP peptides are integrin dependent; **IGF-
binding protein**-derived peptide or small mol. with
therapeutic properties)

IT Integrins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(β 5, proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of
IGFBP peptides are integrin dependent; **IGF-**
binding protein-derived peptide or small mol. with
 therapeutic properties)

IT Integrins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (β 1, proapoptotic and cell internalization activities of
IGFBP peptides are integrin dependent; **IGF-**
binding protein-derived peptide or small mol. with
 therapeutic properties)

IT 630155-72-5 630155-73-6 630155-74-7 630155-75-8 630155-76-9
 630155-77-0 630155-78-1 630155-79-2 630155-80-5 630155-81-6

RL: PRP (Properties)
 (unclaimed sequence; **IGF-binding protein**
 -derived peptide or small mol.)

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:656520 HCAPLUS

DN 139:159924

ED Entered STN: 22 Aug 2003

TI Use of **insulin-like growth factor**
binding protein 3 (IGF-BP3) for
 inhibition of tumor growth

IN Kirman, Irena; Whelan, Richard

PA The Trustees of Columbia University, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003068160	A2	20030821	WO 2003-US4315	20030213 <--
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 2004048794	A1	20040311	US 2003-366881	20030213 <--
PRAI	US 2002-357000P	P	20020213 <--		

CLASS

PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES

WO 2003068160 ICM A61K

AB A method of inhibiting proliferation of cells associated with a tumor in a subject comprises administering to the subject a tumor cell proliferation-inhibiting amount of **IGF-BP3**, thereby inhibiting proliferation of the cells. An improved surgical method comprises surgically resecting a tumor from a subject and administering to the subject an amount of a protein effective to inhibit metastasis of any tumor cells released in the subject's blood circulation during the surgical resection of the tumor.

ST surgery tumor **IGFBP3**; antitumor **insulin like growth factor binding protein**

3

- IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IGFBP-3; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Intestine, neoplasm
 (colon, adenocarcinoma; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Intestine, neoplasm
 (colon, adenoma; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Intestine
 (colon, colectomy; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Intestine, neoplasm
 (colon; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Intestine, neoplasm
 (colorectal; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Stomach
 (gastric bypass surgery; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (injections, i.v.; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Antitumor agents
 Drug delivery systems
 Human
 Lung, neoplasm
 Mammary gland, neoplasm
 Neoplasm
 Prostate gland, neoplasm
 Surgery
 (**insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Neoplasm
 (metastasis; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Surgery
 (open abdominal surgery; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (oral; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 (transdermal; **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** for inhibition of tumor growth)

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2003:491391 HCAPLUS
 DN 139:31260
 ED Entered STN: 27 Jun 2003
 TI Mutants of human insulin-like growth
 factor binding protein-3 (
 IGFBP-3) and uses for the treatment of cancers
 IN Rechler, Mathew M.
 PA Department of Health and Human Services, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM C12N
 CC 2-6 (Mammalian Hormones)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003052079	A2	20030626	WO 2002-US40561	20021217 <--
	WO 2003052079	A3	20031127		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
PRAI	US 2001-341920P	P	20011217	<--	

CLASS

	PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
	WO 2003052079	ICM	C12N
AB	An isolated or purified nucleic acid mol. consisting essentially of a nucleotide sequence encoding a mutant human IGFBP-3, which can inhibit DNA synthesis, can induce apoptosis, binds to neither human insulin growth factor-I (IGF-I), nor human insulin growth factor-II (IGF-II), and comprises a mutation at Y57; a vector comprising the same, a cell comprising and expressing the same, optionally in the form of a vector; an isolated or purified polypeptide mol. consisting essentially of an amino acid sequence encoding a mutant human IGFBP-3, which can inhibit DNA synthesis, can induce apoptosis, binds to neither human IGF-I nor human IGF-II and comprises a mutation at Y57; a composition comprising the same; and a method of inducing apoptosis in a cell, which method comprises administering to the cell the nucleic acid mol. or polypeptide mol., in an amount sufficient to induce apoptosis in the cell, whereupon apoptosis is induced in the cell.		
ST	IGFBP3 mutant apoptosis human cancer treatment		
IT	Protein motifs (IGF-binding domain of IGFBP3, mutated; mutants of human insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) and uses for treatment of cancers)		
IT	Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (IGFBP-3, mutants; mutants of human insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) and uses for		

- treatment of cancers)
- IT Apoptosis
(IGFBP3 mutant-induced; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT DNA formation
(IGFBP3 mutant-inhibited; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT Leukemia
(childhood-onset; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colorectal; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT Human
Lung, neoplasm
Neoplasm
Prostate gland, neoplasm
(mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT Mutagenesis
(site-directed, substitution; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT 74-79-3, Arginine, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP3 Arg75 mutant; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT 73-32-5, Isoleucine, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP3 Ile56 mutant; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT 61-90-5, Leucine, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP3 Leu77, Leu80 and Leu81 mutant; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT 60-18-4, Tyrosine, biological studies
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP3 Tyr57 mutant; mutants of human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3)** and uses for treatment of cancers)
- IT 67763-96-6, IGF-I 67763-97-7, IGF-II
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(not binding to **IGFBP3** mutant; mutants of human
insulin-like growth factor
binding protein-3 (IGFBP-
 3) and uses for treatment of cancers)

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2003:411507 HCAPLUS
 DN 139:177584
 ED Entered STN: 30 May 2003
 TI The insulin-like growth factor system and cancer
 AU LeRoith, Derek; Roberts, Charles T.
 CS National Institutes of Health MSC 1758, Bethesda, MD, 20892-1758, USA
 SO Cancer Letters (Oxford, United Kingdom) (2003), 195(2), 127-137
 CODEN: CALEDQ; ISSN: 0304-3835
 PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DT Journal; General Review
 LA English
 CC 14-0 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 2
 AB A review. The insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) family of
 ligands, **binding proteins** and receptors is an
 important growth factor system involved in both the development of the
 organism and the maintenance of normal function of many cells of the body.
 The system also has powerful anti-apoptotic effects. More recently,
 evidence has accrued to demonstrate that the **IGFs** play an
 important role in cancer. Individuals with serum **IGF-II** levels
 in the upper quartile of the normal range (and **IGF**
binding protein-3 levels in the lower quartiles) have a
 relative risk for developing breast, prostate, colon and lung cancer.
IGF-II is commonly expressed by tumor cells and may act as an
 autocrine growth factor; occasionally even reaching target tissues and
 causing tumor-induced hypoglycemia. The **IGF-I** receptor is
 commonly (though not always) overexpressed in many cancers, and many
 recent studies have identified new signaling pathways emanating from the
IGF-I receptor that affect cancer cell proliferation, adhesion,
 migration and cell death; functions that are critical for cancer cell
 survival and metastases. In this review, many aspects of the **IGF**
 system and its relationship to cancer will be discussed.
 ST review **IGF** receptor **IGFBP** cancer
 IT Adhesion, biological
 Cell migration
 Cell proliferation
 Human
 Hypoglycemia
 Lung, neoplasm
 Mammary gland, neoplasm
 Prostate gland, neoplasm
 Signal transduction, biological
 (**IGF** system and cancer)
 IT Insulin-like growth factor I receptors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**IGF** system and cancer)
 IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**IGFBP-3**; **IGF** system and cancer)
 IT Intestine, neoplasm
 (colon; **IGF** system and cancer)
 IT Neoplasm
 (metastasis; **IGF** system and cancer)
 IT 67763-97-7, **IGF-II**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**IGF** system and cancer)
 RE.CNT 66 THERE ARE 66 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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L26 ANSWER 8 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:242436 HCAPLUS

DN 138:265693

ED Entered STN: 28 Mar 2003

TI **IGF-binding protein**-derived peptide or small molecule, and use thereof

IN Mascarenhas, Desmond

PA Bioexpertise, LLC, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C12N

CC 1-12 (**Pharmacology**)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2003025121	A2	20030327	WO 2002-US25532	20020809 <--
	WO 2003025121	A3	20040122		
	W: AU, CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR				
	EP 1435986	A2	20040714	EP 2002-759330	20020809 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
PRAI	US 2001-323267P	P	20010918	<--	
	WO 2002-US25532	W	20020809	<--	

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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WO 2003025121	ICM	C12N
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AB New compns. based on **IGF-binding protein** sequences are provided. New tools for high-throughput research are provided. New methods for the treatment of human disease are provided. **IGFBP-3**-derived peptide or small mol. is administered to subjects having disease, thereby alleviating the symptoms of the disease.

ST peptide **IGF binding protein** therapeutic

IT Allergy
 Allergy inhibitors
 Angiogenesis
 Angiogenesis inhibitors
 Anti-inflammatory agents
 Antiarthritics
 Antiasthmatics
 Antitumor agents
 Apoptosis
 Arthritis
 Asthma
 Autoimmune disease
 Bone, disease
 Cardiovascular agents
 Cardiovascular system, disease
 Fibrosis
 Human
 Inflammation
Lung, neoplasm
 Mammary gland, neoplasm

Neoplasm
 Ovary, neoplasm
 Pancreas, neoplasm
 Peptidomimetics
 Prostate gland, neoplasm
 Reproductive tract, disease
 Stomach, neoplasm
 (IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or
 small mol., and use)

IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or
 small mol., and use)

IT Peptides, biological studies
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or
 small mol., and use)

IT Drug interactions
 (IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or
 small mol., uses, and use with other agents)

IT Fibrinogens
 Fibronectins
 Fusion proteins (chimeric proteins)
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or
 small mol., uses, and use with other agents)

IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
 BIOL (Biological study)
 (IGFBP-3; IGF-binding
 protein-derived peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Extracellular matrix
 (binding; IGF-binding protein-derived
 peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Metals, biological studies
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (binding; IGF-binding protein-derived
 peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Imaging
 (cell; IGF-binding protein-derived
 peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Intestine, neoplasm
 (colon; IGF-binding protein-derived
 peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Gene
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (expression, expression tag properties; IGF-binding
 protein-derived peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Animal cell
 (imaging; IGF-binding protein-derived
 peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Intestine, disease
 (inflammatory; IGF-binding protein
 -derived peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Biological transport
 (internalization; IGF-binding protein
 -derived peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Transcription, genetic
 (modulation; IGF-binding protein-derived
 peptide or small mol., and use)

IT Eye, disease
 (retinopathy, proliferative; IGF-binding

- protein-derived peptide or small mol., and use)**
- IT Drug interactions
(synergistic; **IGF-binding protein-derived**
peptide or small mol., uses, and use with other agents)
- IT 97162-88-4, 3C Protease
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(HRV; **IGF-binding protein-derived peptide**
or small mol., uses, and use with other agents)
- IT 67763-96-6D, Insulin-like growth factor 1, complexes with **IGFBP3**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or**
small mol., and use)
- IT 171022-91-6D, hexahistidine and green fluorescent protein conjugates
502845-66-1D, hexahistidine and green fluorescent protein conjugates
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological
study)
(**IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or**
small mol., and use)
- IT 405276-09-7 405276-09-7D, peptidomimetic derivs. 405276-10-0
405276-10-0D, peptidomimetic derivs. 502845-62-7 502845-62-7D,
peptidomimetic derivs. 502845-63-8 502845-63-8D, peptidomimetic
derivs. 502845-64-9 502845-64-9D, peptidomimetic derivs. 502845-65-0
502845-65-0D, peptidomimetic derivs.
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic
use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or**
small mol., and use)
- IT 171022-91-6D, green fluorescent protein conjugates 502845-66-1
502845-66-1D, green fluorescent protein conjugates 502845-67-2D, green
fluorescent protein conjugates 502845-68-3 502845-69-4 502845-70-7
502845-71-8 502845-72-9 502845-73-0 502845-74-1 502845-75-2
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological
study)
(**IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or**
small mol., uses, and use with other agents)
- IT 50-18-0, Cyclophosphamide 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil 57-22-7, Vincristine
59-05-2, Methotrexate 10540-29-1, Tamoxifen 18883-66-4, Streptozotocin
23214-92-8, Doxorubicin 33069-62-4, Paclitaxel 33419-42-0, Etoposide
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**IGF-binding protein-derived peptide or**
small mol., uses, and use with other agents)
- IT 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological
studies 7439-96-5, Manganese, biological studies 7440-02-0, Nickel,
biological studies 7440-48-4, Cobalt, biological studies 7440-66-6,
Zinc, biological studies 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**IGFBP3 binding; IGF-binding**
protein-derived peptide or small mol., uses, and use with other
agents)
- IT 9001-92-7, Protease
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibition; **IGF-binding protein-derived**
peptide or small mol., and use)
- IT 503336-31-0 503336-32-1 503336-33-2 503336-34-3 503336-35-4
503336-36-5 503336-37-6 503336-38-7 503336-39-8 503336-40-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(unclaimed sequence; **IGF-binding protein**
-derived peptide or small mol., and use thereof)

ED Entered STN: 26 Dec 2002
TI Clinical significance of **insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-3** expression in stage I non-small cell lung cancer
AU Chang, Yoon Soo; Gong, Koo; Sun, Shihua; Liu, Diane; El-Naggar, Adel K.; Khuri, Fadlo R.; Hong, Waun Ki; Lee, Ho-Young
CS Department of Thoracic/Head and Neck Medical Oncology, The University of Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
SO Clinical Cancer Research (2002), 8(12), 3796-3802
CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432
PB American Association for Cancer Research
DT Journal
LA English
CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
AB The activities of insulin-like growth factors (IGFs), including mitogenic and antiapoptotic properties, are modulated by a family of high-affinity insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins (IGFBPs), of which IGFBP-3 is the major serum carrier protein. Even though it is well known that IGFBP-3 plays an important role in cell proliferation, the expression of IGFBP-3 and its significance in primary nonsmall cell lung cancer (NSCLC) samples are unknown. This study explored IGFBP-3 expression in tumor samples from 74 patients with a diagnosis of pathol. stage I NSCLC to determine if the expression status of IGFBP-3 influences the prognosis of patients with NSCLC. Two-sided statistical analyses were performed to correlate the clin. parameters and the prognostic effect with the IGFBP-3 expression level in this cohort. Reduced IGFBP-3 expression was found in 42 (56.8%) of 74 samples, and it was more frequent in large cell carcinoma than in squamous cell carcinoma and adenocarcinoma, although this difference was not statistically significant. This phenomenon was not associated with the other clinicopathol. parameters tested, such as age, sex, histol. grade, and smoking history. Significant statistical correlation between IGFBP-3 expression and disease-specific survival was noted (P = 0.019 by log-rank test). Although statistically nonsignificant, patients with decreased IGFBP-3 expression had shorter overall, disease-free, and event-free survival rates than did patients with normal IGFBP-3 expression. In a multivariate anal. using IGFBP-3 expression and other clinicopathol. parameters, the level of IGFBP-3 expression remained as an independent factor for predicting a shorter disease-specific survival probability (P = 0.020). Our work demonstrates that down-regulation of IGFBP-3 is a frequent event in stage I NSCLC and correlates with the disease-specific survival probability of patients with stage I NSCLC. These results suggest that IGFBP-3 functions as a tumor suppressor and plays an important role in determining biol. aggressiveness in early NSCLC.
ST IGFBP3 nonsmall cell lung cancer prognosis marker
IT Death
Human
Prognosis
Tumor markers
(IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)
IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP-3; IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)
IT **Lung, neoplasm**
(adenocarcinoma; IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)

IT Bronchi
(epithelium; IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm
(large-cell carcinoma; IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm
(non-small-cell carcinoma; IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm
(squamous cell carcinoma; IGFBP-3 expression as prognostic indicator in nonsmall cell lung cancer)

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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L26 ANSWER 10 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:974042 HCAPLUS

DN 138:252564

ED Entered STN: 26 Dec 2002
TI Correlation between **insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-3** promoter methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer
AU Chang, Yoon Soo; Wang, Luo; Liu, Diane; Mao, Li; Hong, Waun Ki; Khuri, Fadlo R.; Lee, Ho-Young
CS Departments of Thoracic/Head and Neck Medical Oncology, The University of Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
SO Clinical Cancer Research (2002), 8(12), 3669-3675
CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432
PB American Association for Cancer Research
DT Journal
LA English
CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 3
AB Purpose: The activities of insulin-like growth factors (**IGFs**) in regulating cell proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis are modulated by a family of high-affinity specific **IGF-binding proteins (IGFBPs)**, especially **IGFBP-3**, the most abundant **IGFBP** in circulation. Hypermethylation of the promoter represses the expression of the **IGFBP-3** gene. The purpose of this study was to determine whether the methylation status of **IGFBP-3** promoter influences the prognosis of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). Expt1. Design: Eighty-three patients with pathol. stage I NSCLC who had undergone curative surgery were investigated for promoter hypermethylation of **IGFBP-3** by methylation-specific PCR. Statistical analyses, all two-sided, were performed to determine the prognostic effect of methylation status of the **IGFBP-3** promoter on various clin. parameters. **IGFBP-3** was the only mol. parameter tested on these tissues in this study. Results: Hypermethylation of the **IGFBP-3** promoter was found in 51 (61.5%) of the 83 tumors. The clinicopathol. factors, such as age, histol. type, histol. grade, gender, and smoking status, of corresponding patients, did not exhibit statistically significant association with the methylation status of **IGFBP-3** promoter. However, patients with a hypermethylated **IGFBP-3** promoter had a significantly lower 5-yr disease-specific, disease-free, and overall survival rate than did those without a methylated **IGFBP-3** promoter (53.1% vs. 86.1%, $P = 0.006$; 36.5% vs. 76.2%, $P = 0.007$; and 38.9% vs. 64.0%, $P = 0.022$, resp.). Moreover, multivariate anal. indicated that hypermethylation of the **IGFBP-3** promoter was the only independent predictor for disease-free and disease-specific survival among the clin. and histol. parameters tested. Conclusions: Hypermethylation of the **IGFBP-3** promoter, as measured by methylation-specific PCR, is a frequent phenomenon and strongly associated with poor prognosis among patients with stage I NSCLC.
ST **IGFBP3** gene promoter methylation nonsmall cell lung cancer prognosis
IT Death
Human
Prognosis
Tumor markers
(**IGFBP-3** gene promoter methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)
IT Promoter (genetic element)
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
(**IGFBP-3** gene promoter methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)
IT Gene, animal
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study,

unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(IGFBP-3; IGFBP-3 gene promoter

methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)

IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(IGFBP-3; IGFBP-3 gene promoter

methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm

(adenocarcinoma; IGFBP-3 gene promoter

methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)

IT DNA

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(hypermethylation; IGFBP-3 gene promoter

methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm

(non-small-cell carcinoma;

IGFBP-3 gene promoter methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)

IT Lung, neoplasm

(squamous cell carcinoma; IGFBP

-3 gene promoter methylation and prognosis of patients with stage I non-small cell lung cancer)

RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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L26 ANSWER 11 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:716441 HCAPLUS

DN 137:242156

ED Entered STN: 20 Sep 2002

TI Peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and
therapeutic uses thereof

IN Deshayes, Kurt; Lowman, Henry B.; Schaffer, Michelle L.; Sidhu, Sachdev S.

PA Genentech, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 86 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C12N

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 6

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002072780	A2	20020919	WO 2002-US7606	20020313 <--
	WO 2002072780	A3	20040108		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	US 2003092631	A1	20030515	US 2002-98093	20020313 <--
	EP 1401476	A2	20040331	EP 2002-717620	20020313 <--
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
PRAI	US 2001-275904P	P	20010314	<--	
	WO 2002-US7606	W	20020313	<--	

CLASS

PATENT NO. CLASS PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES

WO 2002072780 ICM C12N

OS MARPAT 137:242156

AB Peptides are provided that antagonize the interaction of IGF-1 with its **binding proteins**, insulin receptor, and IGF receptor. These IGF antagonist peptides are useful in treating disorders involving IGF-1 as a causative agent, such as, for example, various cancers. The invention also provides conjugates comprising the peptide conjugated with a cytotoxic agent or polyethylene glycol. The cytotoxic agent here may be one that is active in killing

cells once internalized. Uses of these peptides include all uses that antagonize at least one biol. activity of exogenous or endogenous IGFs. They can be used in treating, inhibiting, or preventing conditions in which an IGF antagonist such as IGFBP-3 or antibodies to IGF-1 is useful. The invention also provides a composition comprising one of the peptides described above in a carrier. Preferably, this composition is sterile and the carrier is a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Also preferred is the composition further comprising an angiogenic agent or chemotherapeutic agent, and also one that is suitable for injection or inhalation. A kit is also provided comprising a container containing the composition and instructions directing

the

user to utilize the composition. In a further preferred embodiment, before the administration step of the above method, the concentration of IGF-1 in a body sample from the mammal is measured, wherein an elevated concentration of IGF-1 above a reference range for IGF-1 indicates an increased risk for the disorder. The body sample is preferably selected from the group consisting of tumor tissue, blood, plasma, serum, mammary fluid, and seminal fluid. In another preferred embodiment, the IGF-1 is total IGF-1, free IGF-1 or complexed IGF-1, and the disorder is cancer, a diabetic complication exacerbated by IGF-1, preferably diabetic retinopathy or diabetic nephropathy, acromegaly, age-related macular degeneration, ischemic injury, or a trauma.

ST peptide antagonist insulin like growth factor IGF anticancer diagnosis

IT Disease, animal

(IGF-1 related, treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP-3; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT

Blood

Blood plasma

Blood serum

Neoplasm

(body sample from; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Diagnosis

(cancer; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Drug delivery systems

(carriers; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Intestine, neoplasm

(colorectal, treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Kidney, disease

(diabetic nephropathy, treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Eye, disease

(diabetic retinopathy, treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Mammary gland

Semen

(fluid, body sample from; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT Drug delivery systems

(inhalants; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

- IT Drug delivery systems
 - (injections; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Eye, disease
 - (macula, degeneration, age-related, treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Diagnosis
 - (mol.; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Cytotoxic agents
 - (peptide antagonist conjugated with; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
 - RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (peptide antagonist conjugated with; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Angiogenesis inhibitors
 - Antidiabetic agents
 - Antitumor agents
 - Chemotherapy
 - Human
 - Mammalia
 - Phage display library
 - Protein sequences
 - Test kits
 - (peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Amino acids, biological studies
 - Insulin-like growth factor receptors
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Peptides, biological studies
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 - (peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Angiogenic factors
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Prostate-specific antigen
 - RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
 - RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Injury
 - (trauma, treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (**IGF**) and therapeutic uses thereof)
- IT Acromegaly
 - Diabetes mellitus
 - Ischemia
 - Lung, neoplasm
 - Mammary gland, neoplasm
 - Prostate gland, neoplasm
 - (treatment of; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (

IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT 460323-60-8P 460323-61-9P 460323-62-0P 460323-63-1P 460323-64-2P
460396-78-5P
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(amino acid sequence; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(peptide antagonist conjugated with; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT 67763-96-6P, Insulin like growth factor 1
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT 460400-91-3 460400-92-4 460400-93-5 460400-94-6 460400-95-7
460400-96-8 460400-97-9 460400-98-0 460400-99-1 460401-00-7
460401-01-8 460401-02-9 460401-03-0 460401-04-1 460401-05-2
460401-06-3 460401-07-4 460401-08-5 460401-09-6 460401-10-9
460401-11-0 460401-12-1 460401-13-2 460401-14-3 460401-15-4
RL: PRP (Properties)
(unclaimed protein sequence; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

IT 121481-26-3 207220-79-9 460323-65-3 460323-66-4 460323-67-5
460323-68-6 460323-69-7 460323-70-0 460323-71-1 460323-72-2
460323-73-3 460323-74-4 460323-75-5 460323-76-6 460323-77-7
460323-78-8 460323-79-9 460323-80-2 460323-81-3 460323-82-4
460323-83-5 460323-84-6 460323-85-7 460323-86-8 460323-87-9
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460324-38-3 460324-39-4 460324-40-7 460324-41-8 460324-42-9
460324-43-0 460324-44-1 460324-45-2 460324-46-3 460324-47-4
460324-48-5 460324-49-6 460324-50-9
RL: PRP (Properties)
(unclaimed sequence; peptide antagonist of insulin-like growth factor (IGF) and therapeutic uses thereof)

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:625685 HCAPLUS

DN 137:333513

ED Entered STN: 20 Aug 2002

TI IGFBP-3 mediates p53-induced apoptosis during serum starvation

AU Grimberg, Adda; Liu, Bingrong; Bannerman, Peter; El-Deiry, Wafik S.; Cohen, Pinchas

CS Division of Pediatric Endocrinology, Abramson Research Center, The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Abramson Research Center, Philadelphia, PA, 19104, USA

SO International Journal of Oncology (2002), 21(2), 327-335
CODEN: IJONES; ISSN: 1019-6439

PB International Journal of Oncology

DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)
 AB Insulin-like growth factor **binding protein** (**IGFBP**)-3, a p53-response gene, can induce apoptosis in an IGF-independent manner. Here we demonstrate that **IGFBP-3** mediates p53-induced apoptosis during serum starvation using two foil neoplastic cell models: one which introduces p53 activity and one which eliminates it. We created a doxycycline-inducible p53 model from the p53-neg. PC-3 prostate cancer cell line. Doxycycline treatment increased both p53 and **IGFBP-3** levels. It also augmented apoptosis, but not during insulin-like growth factor-I co-treatment. In a second model, lung carcinoma H460 cells expressing fully functional p53 were stably transfected with E6, which targets p53 for degradation. H460-E6 cells contained less p53 and **IGFBP-3** than control neo-transfected cells, and proteasome blockade restored both. In serum deprivation, H460-E6 cells had enhanced growth and less apoptosis than did H460-neo cells. Redns. in H460-neo apoptosis, comparable in magnitude to H460-E6, were achieved by adding anti-**IGFBP-3**-antibody or **IGFBP-3** antisense oligomers, but not non-specific Ig or **IGFBP-3** sense oligomers. In summary, turning p53 'on' in two foil neoplastic cell models induced **IGFBP-3** expression and increased apoptosis during serum starvation, an effect inhibited by insulin-like growth factor-I treatment and specific **IGFBP-3** blockade. This is the first demonstration of inhibition of p53 action by antagonizing **IGFBP-3**.

ST **IGFBP3** p53 apoptosis blood starvation
 IT Apoptosis
 Blood serum
 Human
 Prostate gland, neoplasm
 Signal transduction, biological
 (**IGF-BP-3** mediates p53-induced apoptosis during serum starvation)

IT p53 (protein)
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**IGF-BP-3** mediates p53-induced apoptosis during serum starvation)

IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**IGFBP-3**; **IGF-BP-3** mediates p53-induced apoptosis during serum starvation)

IT **Lung, neoplasm**
 (**carcinoma**; **IGF-BP-3** mediates p53-induced apoptosis during serum starvation)

IT 67763-96-6, **IGF-I**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (doxycycline and **IGF-I** effect on **IGF-BP-3** and p53 and apoptosis)

IT 564-25-0, Doxycycline
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (doxycycline elevation of **IGF-BP-3** and p53 and apoptosis in prostate cancer cell line)

IT 140879-24-9, Proteasome
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (proteasome regulation of **IGF-BP-3** and p53 and apoptosis)

RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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L26 ANSWER 13 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:611558 HCAPLUS

DN 137:335861

ED Entered STN: 16 Aug 2002

TI What is the role of the insulin-like growth factor system in the pathophysiology of cancer cachexia, and how is it regulated?

AU Crown, A. L.; Cottle, K.; Lightman, S. L.; Falk, S.; Mohamed-Ali, V.; Armstrong, L.; Millar, A. B.; Holly, J. M. P.

CS Department of Medicine, University of Bristol, London, UK

SO Clinical Endocrinology (Oxford, United Kingdom) (2002), 56(6), 723-733

CODEN: CLECAP; ISSN: 0300-0664

PB Blackwell Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 15

AB OBJECTIVE AND BACKGROUND: The cancer cachexia syndrome is characterized by anorexia, weight loss with muscle wasting and increased energy expenditure. It is associated with increased morbidity and mortality, but its etiol. is poorly understood and no effective therapeutic intervention is available. It may result from an imbalance between the activity or effect of anabolic and catabolic hormones, mediated by the inflammatory cytokines. IGF-I is a potent anabolic agent, with therapeutic potential. Our objective was to investigate the role and regulation of the IGF system in cancer cachexia. DESIGN AND PATIENTS: We set up a prospective study of 30 patients with newly diagnosed unresectable non-small cell lung cancer, together with a cross-sectional comparison group of healthy

volunteers. **MEASUREMENTS:** We examined the relationship between aspects of the IGF system, including **IGFBP-3** proteolysis (using Western ligand and immunoblotting and an in vitro **IGFBP-3** protease assay); the inflammatory cytokines and their soluble receptors; and food intake and nutritional status (including biochem. and anthropometric assessments). **RESULTS:** Although we did not observe a marked reduction in food intake in the cancer patients, the majority lost weight and functionally important lean body mass. We observed GH resistance in the cancer patients, and intermittent proteolysis of **IGFBP-3**, which correlated with the circulating interleukin-6 (IL-6) concentration. The pattern of **IGFBP-3** proteolysis was unusual, with a prominent 17-kDa fragment. Less **IGFBP-3** proteolysis was associated with more weight loss, suggesting that this could be a protective counter-regulatory mechanism, increasing IGF-I bioavailability to the tissues. **CONCLUSIONS:** Cancer cachexia in humans is a complex condition. Patients tend to be GH resistant. The significance of the intermittent increases in **IGFBP-3** proteolysis, which may be regulated by IL-6, remains uncertain. A better understanding of the pathophysiol. should enable the development of novel therapeutic approaches.

- ST **IGF IL6 TNFalpha GH resistance lung cancer cachexia**
 IT **Proteins**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (C-reactive; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia in relation to)
- IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (**IGFBP-3**; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT **Human**
 (altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT **Interleukin 6**
Tumor necrosis factors
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT **Cachexia**
 (cancerous; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT **Lung, neoplasm**
 (non-small-cell carcinoma; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT **Protein degradation**
 (of **IGFBP-3**; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased **IGFBP-3** proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT **Interleukin 6 receptors**
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (soluble; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and

- increased IGFBP-3 proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT Tumor necrosis factor receptors
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(type 1; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased IGFBP-3 proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT Tumor necrosis factor receptors
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(type 2; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased IGFBP-3 proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT 67763-96-6, IGF-I 67763-97-7, IGF-II 138069-94-0, IGFBP-3 protease
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased IGFBP-3 proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- IT 9002-72-6, GH
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(resistance; altered IGF system associated with GH resistance and increased IGFBP-3 proteolysis-induced by IL-6 and TNF- α via their receptors in human lung cancer cachexia)
- RE.CNT 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
- RE
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L26 ANSWER 14 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:471949 HCAPLUS

DN 137:180178

ED Entered STN: 24 Jun 2002

TI **Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3** inhibits the growth of non-small cell lung cancer

AU Lee, Ho-Young; Chun, Kyung-Hee; Liu, Bingrong; Wiehle, Sandra A.; Cristiano, Richard J.; Hong, Waun Ki; Cohen, Pinchas; Kurie, Jonathan M.
 CS Departments of Thoracic/Head and Neck Medical Oncology, The University of Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, 77030, USA

SO Cancer Research (2002), 62(12), 3530-3537
 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB Insulin-like growth factors (IGFs) have mitogenic and antiapoptotic properties and have been implicated in the development of lung cancer. The effects of IGFs are modulated by IGFbps. This study explored the effects of IGFBP-3 on non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) cells after infection with an adenovirus constitutively expressing IGFBP-3 under the control of the cytomegalovirus promoter (Ad5CMV-BP3). The authors found that IGFs, especially IGF-I, stimulated the growth of NSCLC cells, and Ad5CMV-BP3 suppressed this IGF-I-induced NSCLC cell growth. They also found that the clonogenicity of H1299 cells in soft agar was markedly reduced by Ad5CMV-BP3. Furthermore, direct injection of Ad5CMV-BP3 into H1299 NSCLC xenografts s.c. established in athymic nude mice induced massive destruction of the tumors. Ad5CMV-BP3 did not induce detectable cytotoxicity on normal human bronchial epithelial cells, suggesting therapeutic efficacy of this virus. Ad5CMV-BP3 infection was accompanied by apoptotic cell death in vitro as detected by flow cytometry, DNA fragmentation anal., and Western blot anal. on the expression of Bcl-2 and on the cleavage of poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase, a substrate of caspase 3. Immunofluorescence confocal microscopy was also used to show the apoptotic effect of Ad5CMV-BP3 in H1299 tumors established in nude mice. These findings indicated that IGFBP-3 was a potent inducer of apoptosis in NSCLC cells

in vitro and in vivo. To delineate the underlying mechanism, the authors examined the effect of **IGFBP-3** on Akt/protein kinase B and glycogen synthase kinase-3 β , downstream mediators of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase pathway, and on mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK), all three of which are activated by **IGF**-mediated signaling pathways and have important roles in cell survival. **IGFBP-3** overexpression inhibited the phosphorylation of Akt and glycogen synthase kinase-3 β and the activity of MAPK. Furthermore, **IGF-I** rescued the NSCLC cells from serum depletion-induced apoptosis, and this rescue was blocked in Ad5CMV-BP-3-infected H1299 NSCLC cells. Transient transfection with activated Akt or constitutively active MAPK kinase-1, an upstream activator of MAPK, partially blocked **IGFBP-3**-induced apoptosis of NSCLC cells. These findings suggested that the growth-regulatory effect of **IGFBP-3** on NSCLC cells was attributable in part to the inhibition of the **IGF**-induced survival pathway. These data demonstrate the importance of **IGFBP-3** in the regulation of NSCLC cell proliferation, clonogenicity, and tumor growth, suggesting that **IGFBP-3** is a target for the treatment of lung cancer and that Ad5CMV-BP3 is a potential therapeutic agent.

- ST **IGFBP3** apoptosis nonsmall cell lung cancer; adenovirus vector
IGFBP3 therapy nonsmall cell lung cancer; phosphatidylinositol
kinase MAPK lung cancer apoptosis **IGFBP3**
- IT Animal cell line
(H1299; **IGF**-BP-3 inhibition of non-small cell lung cancer
growth)
- IT Antitumor agents
Apoptosis
Cell proliferation
Genetic vectors
Human
(**IGF**-BP-3 inhibition of non-small cell lung cancer growth)
- IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**IGFBP-3**; **IGF**-BP-3
inhibition of non-small cell lung cancer growth)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(non-small-cell carcinoma;
IGF-BP-3 inhibition of non-small cell lung cancer growth)
- IT 9059-09-0, Glycogen synthase kinase 67763-96-6, **IGF**-1
115926-52-8, Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase 142243-02-5, MAP kinase
142805-58-1, MEK-1 kinase 148640-14-6, Akt kinase
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**IGF**-BP-3 inhibition of non-small cell lung cancer growth)

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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L26 ANSWER 15 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:240579 HCAPLUS

DN 136:273173

ED Entered STN: 28 Mar 2002

TI Method for use of IGF-binding protein for
selective sensitization of target cells in vivo

IN Mascarenhas, Desmond

PA Bioexpertise, LLC, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K038-00

CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002024216	A2	20020328	WO 2001-US29188	20010918 <--
	WO 2002024216	A3	20040715		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 2001091090	A5	20020402	AU 2001-91090	20010918 <--
	US 2003035788	A1	20030220	US 2001-956508	20010918 <--
PRAI	US 2000-233840P	P	20000919	<--	
	WO 2001-US29188	W	20010918	<--	

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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WO 2002024216	ICM	A61K038-00
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AB Methods for the treatment of human disease are provided. IGFBP-3 is administered together with a co-administered agent to

subjects having disease, thereby alleviating the symptoms of the disease, under conditions where administration of **IGFBP-3** alone at the maximum practicable dose has no measurable beneficial effect on the disease condition.

- ST **IGFBP3 insulin binding protein sequence**
antitumor
- IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**IGFBP-3**; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Mammary gland
(adenocarcinoma, inhibitors; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Antitumor agents
(antibiotic; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Nutrients
(antinutrients; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Antibiotics
(antitumor; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colon, inhibitors; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Antitumor agents
(colon; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT **Lung, neoplasm**
Pancreas, neoplasm
Stomach, neoplasm
(inhibitors; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Receptors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(ligands; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Antitumor agents
(lung; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Antitumor agents
(mammary gland adenocarcinoma; method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Acidity
Alkylating agents, biological
Antitumor agents
Apoptosis
Heat
Human
Osmolarity
Pressure
Protein sequences
Radiation
Test kits
Vaccines
(method for use of **IGF-binding protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins

DNA
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (method for use of **IGF-binding protein**
 for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Cytokines
 Nucleic acids
 Peptides, biological studies
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (method for use of **IGF-binding protein**
 for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Prostate gland
 (neoplasm, inhibitors; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Antitumor agents
 (pancreas; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Antitumor agents
 (prostate gland; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Microtubule
 (stabilizer; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Antitumor agents
 (stomach; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT Alkaloids, biological studies
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (vinca; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT 405341-12-0 405341-13-1
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
 PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (amino acid sequence; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT 169592-56-7, Caspase-3
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (method for use of **IGF-binding protein**
 for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT 50-18-0, Cyclophosphamide 51-21-8, 5-Fluorouracil 57-22-7, Vincristine
 59-05-2, Methotrexate 518-28-5D, Podophyllotoxin, analogs 10540-29-1,
 Tamoxifen 13010-20-3, Nitrosourea 15663-27-1, Cisplatin 18883-66-4,
 Streptozotocin 25316-40-9, Adriamycin 33069-62-4, Taxol 33419-42-0,
 Etoposide
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (method for use of **IGF-binding protein**
 for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

IT 405276-09-7 405276-10-0
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (unclaimed sequence; method for use of **IGF-binding
 protein** for selective sensitization of target cells in vivo)

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:850890 HCAPLUS
 DN 136:1666
 ED Entered STN: 23 Nov 2001
 TI cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like
 growth factor binding protein**
 3 receptor (**IGF-BP-3R**), an **IGF-independent**
IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and

therapeutic uses

IN Oh, Youngman; Rosenfeld, Ron; Ingermann, Angela Ranae
PA Oregon Health & Sciences University, USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 2, 9, 13, 14

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001087238	A2	20011122	WO 2001-US16437	20010517 <--
	WO 2001087238	A3	20020606		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 2001064769	A5	20011126	AU 2001-64769	20010517 <--
	EP 1290162	A2	20030312	EP 2001-939229	20010517 <--
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
	US 2004072285	A1	20040415	US 2003-276491	20030220 <--
PRAI	US 2000-204949P	P	20000517	<--	
	WO 2001-US16437	W	20010517	<--	

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
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WO 2001087238	ICM	A61K
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AB There is disclosed an isolated cDNA sequence (SEQ ID NO:1), clone 4.33, encoding a polypeptide and comprising a coding region (SEQ ID NO:2) of the sequence described in SEQ ID NO:1, or a sequence having at least 90% homol. with the coding region of SEQ ID NO:1. The clone 4.33 polypeptide functions as a specific cell-surface receptor for **IGF-BP-3 (insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3)**, and undergoes nuclear translocation in combination with **IGF-BP-3**. **IGF-BP-3** and **IGF-BP-3R (insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor** P4.33) cooperatively suppress DNA synthesis and cell growth, and induce caspase activation and apoptosis in cancer cells, indicating that clone 4.33 is an important mediator of **IGF-independent growth** inhibitory actions of **IGF-BP-3**. The P4.33:**IGFBP-3** system of the present invention can be used, inter alia, in screening and diagnostic assays, and for therapeutic methods for cancer treatment and tumor suppression. CDNA clone 4.33 is expressed in multiple human tissues and is differentially expressed in normal vs. cancerous human cell lines. There is a significant decrease in endogenous expression of clone 4.33 in PC-3 prostate cancer cells. Exptl. results from overexpression of **IGF-BP-3R** in cancer cell lines suggest that it represents a novel mammalian cell death receptor.

ST cDNA sequence human **IGFBP 3** receptor; insulin like growth factor **binding protein** receptor drug screening; **IGFBP3R** binding **IGFBP** inhibition DNA replication cell proliferation; apoptosis cancer cell growth inhibition **IGFBP3** receptor diagnosis therapy

IT Cyclins

- RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(D1, cell differentiation marker; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Cyclins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(E, cell differentiation marker; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Animal cell line
(Hs578T (breast cancer), transfected; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Antisense oligonucleotides
Ribozymes
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IGF-BP-3R-specific; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Receptors
RL: ANT (Analyte); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(IGF-BP-3R; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
RL: ANT (Analyte); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(IGFBP-3; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Animal cell line
(MCF-7, transfected; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Animal cell line
(PC-3; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Proteins
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

- (RAP1, phosphorylation of, assays; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Transcription factors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Rb, cell differentiation marker; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Diagnosis
(agents; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Amniotic fluid
Lymph
Saliva
(anal.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(anti-IGF-BP-3R; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Apoptosis
Cell proliferation
Signal transduction, biological
Transcriptional regulation
Translation, genetic
(assays; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Antitumor agents
Blood analysis
Cell membrane
Diagnosis
Drug screening
Fluorescent indicators
Gene therapy
Immobilization, molecular or cellular
Immunotherapy
Lung, neoplasm
Mammary gland, neoplasm
Molecular association
Molecular cloning
Nucleic acid hybridization
PCR (polymerase chain reaction)
Prognosis
Protein sequences

Urine analysis

cDNA sequences

(cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Fusion proteins (chimeric proteins)

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT mRNA

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Diagnosis

Diagnosis

(cancer; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Prostate gland, neoplasm

(carcinoma; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Uterus, neoplasm

(cervix; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Intestine, neoplasm

(colon; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Immunoassay

(enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(humanized, monoclonal; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Enzymes, biological studies

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(immobilized, label; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Immunoassay

(immunoblotting; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Drug delivery systems

(immunoconjugates; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Diagnosis

(immunodiagnosis; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Immunoassay

(immunohistochem.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Immunoassay

(immunopptn.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Biological transport

(intracellular, nuclear translocation assay; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Peptides, biological studies
Proteins

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(labeled; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Cell differentiation

(marker assay; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent **IGFBP-3** interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT Diagnosis

(mol.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an

- IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (monoclonal; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Cyclin dependent kinase inhibitors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (p21CIP1, cell differentiation marker; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Ras proteins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (phosphorylation of, assays; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Phosphorylation, biological
 (protein, receptor-mediated; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT DNA formation
 (replication, inhibition of; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Placenta
 Umbilical cord
 (tissue, anal.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Cell nucleus
 (translocation assay; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT Placenta
 (villus, tissue, anal.; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
- IT 251929-01-8P
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (amino acid sequence; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human

insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor (IGF-BP-3R), an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT 67763-96-6, IGF-I 67763-97-7, IGF-II
 RL: ANT (Analyte); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor (IGF-BP-3R)**, an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT 186322-81-6, Caspase
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (cell differentiation marker; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor (IGF-BP-3R)**, an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT 375927-99-4, 3: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 3 claimed DNA 375928-00-0, 4: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 4 claimed DNA 375928-01-1, 5: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 5 claimed DNA 375928-02-2, 6: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 6 claimed DNA 375928-03-3, 7: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 7 claimed DNA 375928-04-4, 8: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 8 claimed DNA 375928-05-5, 9: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 9 claimed DNA 375928-06-6, 10: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 10 claimed DNA 375928-07-7, 11: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 11 claimed DNA 375928-08-8, 12: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 12 claimed DNA 375928-09-9, 13: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 13 claimed DNA 375928-10-2, 14: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 14 claimed DNA 375928-11-3, 15: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 15 claimed DNA 375928-12-4, 16: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 16 claimed DNA 375928-13-5, 17: PN: WO0187238 SEQID: 17 claimed DNA
 RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (human IGF-BP-3 receptor specific antisense oligonucleotide; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor (IGF-BP-3R)** and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT 375927-98-3
 RL: ANT (Analyte); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (nucleotide sequence; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor (IGF-BP-3R)**, an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

IT 142008-29-5, Protein kinase A 142243-02-5, MAP kinase 142805-58-1, Mek kinase 144697-16-5, B-Raf kinase
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (phosphorylation of, assays; cDNA and polypeptide sequences for human **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 receptor (IGF-BP-3R)**, an IGF-independent IGFBP-3 interacting protein, and their diagnostic and therapeutic uses)

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:213653 HCAPLUS
 DN 135:178662
 ED Entered STN: 26 Mar 2001
 TI Molecular pathology of lung cancer and the system of insulin-like growth factors

- AU Kogan, E. A.; Jaques, G.
CS I. M. Sechenov Moscow Med. Academy, Moscow, 119881, Russia
SO Arkhiv Patologii (1999), 61(5), 55-61
CODEN: ARPTAF; ISSN: 0004-1955
PB Meditsina
DT Journal
LA Russian
CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 2
- AB Mol. pathol. of lung cancer (LC) investigates mol.-genetic rearrangements initiating development and growth of the tumor. The system of insulin-like growth factors (IGF) and **binding proteins (IGFBP)** regulates cell proliferation in the majority of embryonal and tumor tissues of man and animals in the course of reparation processes and productive inflammatory reaction. A general property of all LC histol. types is the presence in their cells of various members of IGF-system. Content of IGFII in tumor cells correlated with IGFBP-1, IGFBP-2, IGFBP-5. Localization of IGFII and IGFBP in LC was different. IGFBP-1, -2, and -5, blocking IGFII, are detected in large amts. in areas of cell death inducing apoptosis while IGFII accumulates in dividing cells and foci of keratinization. Nuclear deposits of IGFBP-3 in bronchioloalveolar LC create phenomenon of intranuclear inclusion of "owl's eye" type. Synthesis of the majority of IGF occurs in tumor cells. Stromal cells also produce and transport of IGFII and IGFBP into the tumor.
- ST insulin like growth factor IGFII lung cancer; **IGFBP** lung cancer cell proliferation apoptosis
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-**binding proteins**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-1; IGFII and **IGF-binding protein** localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-**binding proteins**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-2; IGFII and **IGF-binding protein** localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-**binding proteins**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-3; IGFII and **IGF-binding protein** localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-**binding proteins**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-4; IGFII and **IGF-binding protein** localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Insulin-like growth factor-**binding proteins**
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-5; IGFII and **IGF-binding protein** localization in in different types of human lung cancer)

- IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence);
BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU
(Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-6; IGFII and IGF-binding
protein localization in in different types of human lung
cancer)
- IT Cell nucleus
Cytoplasm
Extracellular matrix
Fibroblast
Histiocyte
Lymphocyte
(IGFII and IGF-binding protein
localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Apoptosis
Cell proliferation
(IGFII and IGF-binding protein
localization in in different types of human lung cancer in relation to)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(adenocarcinoma; IGFII and IGF-binding
protein localization in in different types of human lung
cancer)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(carcinoid; IGFII and IGF-binding
protein localization in in different types of human lung
cancer)
- IT Bronchi
(carcinoma; IGFII and IGF-binding
protein localization in in different types of human lung
cancer)
- IT Blood vessel
(endothelium; IGFII and IGF-binding protein
localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(large-cell carcinoma; IGFII and
IGF-binding protein localization in in
different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(non-small-cell carcinoma;
IGFII and IGF-binding protein
localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Lymphocyte
(plasma cell; IGFII and IGF-binding protein
localization in in different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(small-cell carcinoma; IGFII and
IGF-binding protein localization in in
different types of human lung cancer)
- IT Lung, neoplasm
(squamous cell carcinoma; IGFII and
IGF-binding protein localization in in
different types of human lung cancer)
- IT 67763-97-7, IGFII
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence);
BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU
(Occurrence)
(IGFII and IGF-binding protein
localization in in different types of human lung cancer)

ED Entered STN: 11 Oct 2000

TI Role of the insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression

AU Yu, Herbert; Rohan, Thomas

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SO Journal of the National Cancer Institute (2000), 92(18), 1472-1489
CODEN: JNCIEQ; ISSN: 0027-8874

PB Oxford University Press

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

CC 14-0 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 2

AB A review with ~ 316 refs. The insulin-like growth factors (**IGFs**) are mitogens that play a pivotal role in regulating cell proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis. The effects of **IGFs** are mediated through the **IGF-I** receptor, which is also involved in cell transformation induced by tumor virus proteins and oncogene products. Six **IGF-binding proteins (IGFBPs)** can inhibit or enhance the actions of **IGFs**. These opposing effects are determined by the structures of the **binding proteins**. The effects of **IGFBPs** on **IGFs** are regulated in part by **IGFBP** proteases. Laboratory studies have shown that **IGFs** exert strong mitogenic and antiapoptotic actions on various cancer cells. **IGFs** also act synergistically with other mitogenic growth factors and steroids and antagonize the effect of antiproliferative mols. on cancer growth. The role of **IGFs** in cancer is supported by epidemiol. studies, which have found that high levels of circulating **IGF-I** and low levels of **IGFBP-3** are associated with increased risk of several common cancers, including those of the prostate, breast, colorectum, and lung. Evidence further suggests that certain lifestyles, such as one involving a high-energy diet, may increase **IGF-I** levels, a finding that is supported by animal expts. indicating that **IGFs** may abolish the inhibitory effect of energy restriction on cancer growth. Further investigation of the role of **IGFs** in linking high energy intake, increased cell proliferation, suppression of apoptosis, and increased cancer risk may provide new insights into the etiol. of cancer and lead to new strategies for cancer prevention.

ST review IGF IGFBP3 cancer

IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(**IGF-BP-3**; role of insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression)

IT Prostate gland
(carcinoma; role of insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression)

IT Mammary gland
(neoplasm; role of insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression)

IT **Lung, neoplasm**
Neoplasm
Risk assessment
(role of insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression)

IT 61912-98-9, Insulin like growth factor
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(role of insulin-like growth factor family in cancer development and progression)

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L26 ANSWER 19 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:678596 HCAPLUS

DN 133:294469

ED Entered STN: 27 Sep 2000

TI Transfection of human **insulin-like growth factor-binding protein 3** gene

inhibits cell growth and tumorigenicity: a cell culture model for lung cancer

AU Hochscheid, R.; Jaques, G.; Wegmann, B.

CS Department of Internal Medicine, Division of Hematology/Oncology, Philipps-University, Marburg, D-35033, Germany

SO Journal of Endocrinology (2000), 166(3), 553-563

CODEN: JOENAK; ISSN: 0022-0795

PB Society for Endocrinology

DT Journal

LA English

CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

AB **IGF-I** and **IGF-II** are potent mitogens, postulated to exert autocrine/paracrine effects on growth regulation in human lung cancer. Their proliferative effects are modulated by **IGF-binding proteins (IGFBPs)**, which are found in conditioned medium (CM) of lung cancer cell lines. The biol. role of the **IGFBPs**, which are ontogenetically and hormonally regulated, is not fully understood. Both inhibitory and stimulatory effects on cell growth have been demonstrated. Exogenous **IGFBP-3** has been consistently shown to block **IGF** action, inhibiting cell growth in vitro. In order to evaluate the action of endogenously produced **IGFBP-3** on cell growth in lung cancer, we stably transfected the non-small cell lung cancer cell line NCI-H23 with human **IGFBP-3** cDNA (resulting in NCI-H23 pOPI3/BP-3) or with the vector pOPI3CAT as control (resulting in NCI-H23 pOPI3CAT). RT-PCR confirmed expression of **IGFBP-3**-specific mRNA in NCI-H23 pOPI3/BP-3, but not in NCI-H23 or NCI-H23 pOPI3CAT. Western ligand blot and Western immunoblot anal. of CMs yielded strong signals of the characteristic 40-44 kDa human **IGFBP-3** protein in NCI-H23 pOPI3/BP-3. An **IGFBP-3** ELISA demonstrated a 20-fold increase in **IGFBP-3** protein expression in NCI-H23 pOPI3/BP-3 as compared with NCI-H23. The growth of NCI-H23 pOPI3/BP-3 in serum-containing medium was significantly slower (1.7-fold) than that of NCI-H23 or the vector-transfected control NCI-H23 pOPI3CAT. While the proliferation rate of parental and vector-transfected cells could be stimulated by **IGF-I**, **IGF-II**, **IGF-I** analog Long R3 **IGF-I** or insulin, that of NCI-H23 pOPI3/BP-3 could not. Xenotransplantation in nude mice resulted in a marked tumor growth after the injection of NCI-H23 or NCI-H23 pOPI3CAT, but absent or minimal growth for the **IGFBP-3**-transfected cell line. These data suggest that **IGFBP-3** is a potent inhibitor of cell growth in human lung cancer cell lines and may impair tumorigenicity in vivo.

ST **IGFBP3** lung cancer cell growth tumorigenicity

IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(**IGF-BP-3**; transfection of human

insulin-like growth factor-

binding protein 3 gene inhibits cell growth

and tumorigenicity: a cell culture model for lung cancer)

- IT Lung, neoplasm
(non-small-cell carcinoma;
transfection of human **insulin-like growth
factor-binding protein 3** gene
inhibits cell growth and tumorigenicity: a cell culture model for lung
cancer)
- IT Proliferation inhibition
(transfection of human **insulin-like growth
factor-binding protein 3** gene
inhibits cell growth and tumorigenicity: a cell culture model for lung
cancer)
- IT 9004-10-8, Insulin, biological studies 67763-96-6, **IGF-I**
67763-97-7, **IGF-II** 143045-27-6
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(transfection of human **insulin-like growth
factor-binding protein 3** gene
inhibits cell growth and tumorigenicity: a cell culture model for lung
cancer)

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L26 ANSWER 20 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:370424 HCAPLUS

DN 133:264860

ED Entered STN: 05 Jun 2000
TI Joint effect of insulin-like growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in lung cancer risk
AU Wu, Xifeng; Yu, He; Amos, Christopher I.; Hong, Waun K.; Spitz, Margaret R.
CS Department of Epidemiology, The University of Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
SO Journal of the National Cancer Institute (2000), 92(9), 737-743
CODEN: JNCIEQ; ISSN: 0027-8874
PB Oxford University Press
DT Journal
LA English
CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)
Section cross-reference(s): 2
AB Background: We hypothesize that accumulation of genetic damage is dependent on an individual's intrinsic carcinogen sensitivity and on various humoral factors (e.g., insulin-like growth factors [IGFs]) that enhance proliferation, resistance to apoptotic cell death, and clonal outgrowth of genetically damaged cells. We tested this hypothesis by determining whether proliferation potential and genetic instability are associated with the risk of lung cancer. Methods: In a study of 183 lung cancer patients and 227 matched control subjects, we examined the joint effects of latent genetic instability (measured as mutagen sensitivity) and elevated proliferation potential (assessed by measuring IGFs) in lung cancer risk. Levels of IGF-I, IGF-II, and IGF-binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) in plasma were measured by use of immunoassay kits. Mutagen sensitivity was assessed by quantitating bleomycin- and benzo[a]pyrene diol epoxide (BPDE)-induced chromatid breaks in peripheral blood lymphocyte cultures. Results: Although not statistically significant, the mean levels of IGF-I and the molar ratio of IGF-I/IGFBP-3 were higher in patients with advanced or poorly differentiated disease than in patients with early or well-differentiated disease. Variation in IGFs was not associated with any specific histol. type or tumor stage. High levels of IGF-I and enhanced mutagen sensitivity were individually associated with increased risk of lung cancer: odds ratio (OR) of 2.13 (95% confidence interval [CI] = 1.20-3.78) for IGF-I, 2.50 (95% CI = 1.49-4.20) for bleomycin sensitivity, and 2.95 (95% CI = 1.72-5.06) for BPDE sensitivity. The OR was statistically significantly elevated to 8.88 for both higher IGF-I and bleomycin sensitivity (95% CI = 3.67-21.50) and to 13.53 for higher IGF-I and BPDE sensitivity combined (95% CI = 4.48-40.89). With all three risk factors considered together, the OR was 17.09 (95% CI = 4.16-70.27). High levels of IGFBP-3 alone were associated with reduced lung cancer risk: OR = 0.59 (95% CI = 0.33-1.05). Conclusions: Our data suggest that individuals with genetic instability and higher proliferation potential are at enhanced risk for lung cancer.
ST IGF IGFBP mutagen sensitivity lung cancer risk
IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
(IGF-BP-3; insulin-like growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung cancer risk)
IT Lung, neoplasm
(adenocarcinoma; insulin-like growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung cancer risk)
IT Biomarkers (biological responses)
Blood plasma
Cell proliferation
Lung, neoplasm
Risk assessment
(insulin-like growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung cancer risk)

IT Lung, neoplasm
 (large-cell carcinoma; insulin-like
 growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung cancer risk)

IT Lung, neoplasm
 (small-cell carcinoma; insulin-like
 growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung cancer risk)

IT Lung, neoplasm
 (squamous cell carcinoma; insulin-like
 growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung cancer risk)

IT 11056-06-7, Bleomycin 58917-67-2
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study)
 (insulin-like growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung
 cancer risk)

IT 67763-96-6, IGF-I 67763-97-7, IGF-II
 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses)
 (insulin-like growth factors and mutagen sensitivity in human lung
 cancer risk)

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L26 ANSWER 21 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN 1999:788286 HCAPLUS
 DN 132:18926
 ED Entered STN: 14 Dec 1999
 TI **IGFs** and human cancer. Implications regarding the risk of growth hormone therapy
 AU Shim, Melanie; Cohen, Pinchas
 CS Division Pediatric Endocrinology, UCLA, Los Angeles, CA, 90095, USA
 SO Hormone Research (1999), 51(Suppl. 3), 42-51
 CODEN: HRMRA3; ISSN: 0301-0163
 PB S. Karger AG
 DT Journal; General Review
 LA English
 CC 2-0 (Mammalian Hormones)
 Section cross-reference(s): 14
 AB A review with 91 refs. is given. Perturbations of the insulin-like growth factor (IGF) axis, including the autocrine production of **IGFs**, **IGF binding proteins** (**IGFBPs**) and **IGFBP** proteases such as prostate specific antigen (PSA), and cathepsin D were identified in prostate, lung, and breast cancer cells and tissues. Blood serum **IGFBP-3** levels were found to be neg. correlated to the risk of cancer. Interestingly, **IGFBP-3** is a potent inhibitor of **IGF** action and also mediates apoptosis via an **IGF** -independent mechanism. Recent case-control studies have found an approx. 10% increase in the serum levels of **IGF-I** in patients with prostate, breast, and lung cancers, which are among the most frequently diagnosed cancers. While the studies indicate an association between serum **IGF-I** levels and cancer risk, causality was not established. Thus, serum **IGF-I** level may actually be a confounding variable, serving as a marker for autocrine tissue **IGF-I** production. Growth hormone (GH) therapy raises both **IGF-1** and **IGFBP-3** levels in serum. However, the role of GH in controlling prostate, breast, and lung growth and carcinogenesis remains unclear from animal studies. Increased GH levels as seen in acromegaly were associated with benign prostatic hyperplasia but not with prostate, breast, or lung cancers, although colon cancer mortality may be increased. Should serum **IGF-I** levels be proven to play a causal role in the pathogenesis of cancer, interpreting the risk associated with therapies such as GH replacement must take into account both the duration of exposure and the risk magnitude associated with the degree of serum **IGF-I** elevation. Since GH-deficient patients often have a subnormal **IGF-I** serum level, which normalizes on therapy, their cancer risk on GH therapy probably does not increase substantially above that of the normal population. Until further research in the area dictates otherwise, ongoing surveillance and routine monitoring of **IGF-I** levels in GH recipients should become standard of care.
 ST review **IGF IGFBP** growth hormone cancer
 IT **Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins**
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
 (**IGF-BP-3**; **IGFs** and cancer, risk of growth hormone therapy)
 IT Lung, neoplasm
 (**IGFs** and cancer, risk of growth hormone therapy)
 IT Mammary gland
 Prostate gland
 (neoplasm; **IGFs** and cancer, risk of growth hormone therapy)
 IT 67763-96-6, **IGF-I**

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BOC (Biological occurrence);
BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU
(Occurrence)

(IGFs and cancer, risk of growth hormone therapy)

IT 9002-72-6, Somatotropin

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)

(replacement therapy; IGFs and cancer, risk of growth hormone
therapy)

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L26 ANSWER 22 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1997:206468 HCAPLUS

DN 126:291716

ED Entered STN: 29 Mar 1997

TI Nuclear localization of **insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3** in a lung cancer cell line

AU Jaques, Gabriële; Noll, Katja; Wegmann, Barbara; Witten, Sonja; Kogan, Eugenija; Radulescu, Razvan T.; Havemann, Klaus

CS Dep. Internal Med., Philipps-Univ., Marburg, D-35033, Germany

SO Endocrinology (1997), 138(4), 1767-1770

CODEN: ENDOAO; ISSN: 0013-7227

PB Endocrine Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 14-1 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

AB Considerable evidence exists that lung cancer cell lines produce large amts. of insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins (**IGFBPs**). In addition, these cells are subject to an autocrine or

paracrine growth control by insulin-like growth factors (IGFs). The authors now demonstrate by immunocytochem. with **IGFBP-3** antibodies that nuclei of a lung cancer cell line (A549) distinctly immunostain for **IGFBP-3**. This finding led the authors to investigate in more detail the localization of this protein that, to date, had only been known to occur extracellularly. Ligand blotting revealed that purified nuclear exts. contain a 43,000-Da **IGFBP** which can bind [¹²⁵I]IGF-I. By Western blot this protein was identified as **IGFBP-3**. Thus, the authors' data are consistent with the results of a previous structural study predicting a nuclear localization for **IGFBP-3**. Moreover, the authors' findings raise the possibility that nuclear **IGFBP-3** is functional and involved in the pathogenesis of lung cancer.

ST nucleus **IGFBP3** lung cancer

IT Animal cell line

(A549; nuclear localization of insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 in a lung cancer cell line)

IT Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(IGF-BP-3; nuclear localization of insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 in a lung cancer cell line)

IT Cell nucleus

Lung, neoplasm

(nuclear localization of insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 in a lung cancer cell line)

IT 67763-96-6, IGF-I

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(nuclear localization of insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 in a lung cancer cell line)

L26 ANSWER 23 OF 23 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1996:412788 HCAPLUS

DN 125:77381

ED Entered STN: 16 Jul 1996

TI Insulin-like growth factors stimulate the release of insulin-like growth factor-binding protein-3 (IGFBP-3) and degradation of IGFBP-4 in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines

AU Noll, Katja; Wegmann, Barbara R.; Havemann, Klaus; Jaques, Gabriele
CS Department of Internal Medicine, Philipps University Marburg, Marburg, 35043, Germany

SO Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism (1996), 81(7), 2653-2662

CODEN: JCEMAZ; ISSN: 0021-972X

PB Endocrine Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-10 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 14

AB Insulin-like growth factors (IGFs) are potent mitogens for lung cancer cells. This proliferative activity is influenced by their binding proteins (IGFBPs). We report here on the regulatory effects of IGF-I and IGF-II on the production and release of IGFBPs by nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines (NSCLC). The nine NSCLC cell lines used in this study showed mRNA

expression of all six **IGFBPs** known, as determined by PCR, and protein secretion of **IGFBP-1**, **-2**, **-3**, **-4**, and **-6**, as analyzed by Western immunoblots. The addition of **IGFs** to a serum-free medium showed divergence effects on **IGFBP-3** and **IGFBP-4** levels in a conditioned medium (CM). **IGF-I** and **IGF-II**, but not insulin, led to a much higher concentration of **IGFBP-3** in the CM of all tested NSCLC cell lines, whereas the level of immunol. detected membrane-associated **IGFBP-3** was decreased. Furthermore, Northern anal. of mRNA isolated from A549 revealed that **IGFBP-3** specific mRNA was not changed by **IGF-I** or **IGF-II**, suggesting that the **IGF**-induced effects on **IGFBP-3** depend on the release of cell-associated **IGFBP-3**. In contrast, **IGFBP-4** levels were diminished by increasing concns. of **IGFs** in the CM of the NSCLCs A549, NCI-H157, and U1752, with no response to insulin or the **IGF-I** analog, whereas **IGFBP-4**-specific mRNA was not changed by **IGF-I** or **IGF-II**, as determined by Northern anal. The same effects were seen in a cell-free system after incubation of the CM with **IGFs**. The decrease in **IGFBP-4** concns. was prevented by coinubation of the CM with the **IGFs** and either ethylenediamine tetraacetate or 1,10-phenanthroline, but not with other protease inhibitors. We suggest that **IGFs** may either activate an **IGFBP-4**-specific metalloprotease present in NSCLC CM or that the binding of **IGFs** to **IGFBP-4** may enhance the susceptibility of **IGFBP-4** to proteolytic degradation. Based on these data, we present evidence that **IGFs** may regulate their own availability both by releasing **IGFBP-3** from cell membranes and through proteolytic degradation of **IGFBP-4**.

- ST **IGF IGFBP3 IGFBP4 lung cancer**
 IT Transcription, genetic
 (**IGF** stimulation of **IGF-BP-3** release and
 IGF-BP-4 degradation in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT Glycoproteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM
 (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,
 nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 (**IGF-BP-1** (insulin-like growth factor-binding
 protein 1), **IGF** effect on **IGF-BP-3**
 expression and metabolism in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT Proteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM
 (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,
 nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 (**IGF-BP-2** (insulin-like growth factor-binding
 protein 2), **IGF** effect on **IGF-BP-3**
 expression and metabolism in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT Glycoproteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (**IGF-BP-3** (insulin-like growth
 factor-binding protein 3),
 IGF stimulation of **IGF-BP-3** release and **IGF**
 -BP-4 degradation in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT Glycoproteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (**IGF-BP-4** (insulin-like growth factor-binding
 protein 4), **IGF** stimulation of **IGF-BP-3**
 release and **IGF-BP-4** degradation in nonsmall cell lung cancer
 cell lines)
 IT Proteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM
 (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,

nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 (IGF-BP-5 (insulin-like growth factor-binding
 protein 5), IGF effect on IGF-BP-3
 expression and metabolism in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT Glycoproteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM
 (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation,
 nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 (IGF-BP-6 (insulin-like growth factor-binding
 protein 6), IGF effect on IGF-BP-3
 expression and metabolism in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT Lung, neoplasm
 (non-small-cell carcinoma,
 IGF stimulation of IGF-BP-3 release and IGF
 -BP-4 degradation in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)
 IT 67763-96-6, IGF-I 67763-97-7, IGF-II
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (IGF stimulation of IGF-BP-3 release and
 IGF-BP-4 degradation in nonsmall cell lung cancer cell lines)

=> => fil cancer

FILE 'CANCERLIT' ENTERED AT 12:07:40 ON 01 SEP 2004

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On July 28, 2002, CANCERLIT was reloaded. See HELP RLOAD for details.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance
 identification.

=> d all

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CANCERLIT on STN
 AN 2002163411 CANCERLIT
 DN 22062819 PubMed ID: 12068000
 TI Insulin-like growth factor
 binding protein-3 inhibits the growth of
 non-small cell lung cancer.
 AU Lee Ho-Young; Chun Kyung-Hee; Liu Bingrong; Wiehle Sandra A; Cristiano
 Richard J; Hong Waun Ki; Cohen Pinchas; Kurie Jonathan M
 CS Department of Thoracic/Head and Neck Medical Oncology, The University of
 Texas M. D. Anderson Cancer Center, Houston 77030, USA..
 hlee@mdanderson.org
 SO CANCER RESEARCH, (2002 Jun 15) 62 (12) 3530-7.
 Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LA English
 FS MEDLINE; Priority Journals
 OS MEDLINE 2002333234
 EM 200207
 ED Entered STN: 20020819
 Last Updated on STN: 20020819
 AB Insulin-like growth factors (IGFs) have mitogenic and antiapoptotic
 properties and have been implicated in the development of lung cancer. The
 effects of IGFs are modulated by insulin-like growth factor binding
 proteins (IGFBPs). This study explored the effects of IGFBP-

3 on non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) cells after infection with an adenovirus constitutively expressing **IGFBP-3** under the control of the cytomegalovirus promoter (Ad5CMV-BP3). We found that IGFs, especially IGF-I, stimulated the growth of NSCLC cells, and Ad5CMV-BP3 suppressed this IGF-I-induced NSCLC cell growth. We also found that the clonogenicity of H1299 cells in soft agar was markedly reduced by Ad5CMV-BP3. Furthermore, direct injection of Ad5CMV-BP3 into H1299 NSCLC xenografts s.c. established in athymic nude mice induced massive destruction of the tumors. Ad5CMV-BP3 did not induce detectable cytotoxicity on normal human bronchial epithelial cells, suggesting therapeutic efficacy of this virus. Ad5CMV-BP3 infection was accompanied by apoptotic cell death in vitro as detected by flow cytometry, DNA fragmentation analysis, and Western blot analysis on the expression of Bcl-2 and on the cleavage of poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase, a substrate of caspase 3. Immunofluorescence confocal microscopy was also used to show the apoptotic effect of Ad5CMV-BP3 in H1299 tumors established in nude mice. These findings indicated that **IGFBP-3** was a potent inducer of apoptosis in NSCLC cells in vitro and in vivo. To delineate the underlying mechanism, we examined the effect of **IGFBP-3** on Akt/protein kinase B and glycogen synthase kinase-3beta, downstream mediators of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase pathway, and on mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK), all three of which are activated by IGF-mediated signaling pathways and have important roles in cell survival. **IGFBP-3** overexpression inhibited the phosphorylation of Akt and glycogen synthase kinase-3beta and the activity of MAPK. Furthermore, IGF-I rescued the NSCLC cells from serum depletion-induced apoptosis, and this rescue was blocked in Ad5CMV-BP3-infected H1299 NSCLC cells. Transient transfection with activated Akt or constitutively active MAPK kinase-1, an upstream activator of MAPK, partially blocked **IGFBP-3**-induced apoptosis of NSCLC cells. These findings suggested that the growth-regulatory effect of **IGFBP-3** on NSCLC cells was attributable in part to the inhibition of the IGF-induced survival pathway. These data demonstrate the importance of **IGFBP-3** in the regulation of NSCLC cell proliferation, clonogenicity, and tumor growth, suggesting that **IGFBP-3** is a target for the treatment of lung cancer and that Ad5CMV-BP3 is a potential therapeutic agent.

CT Check Tags: Animal; Female; Human

1-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase: AI, antagonists & inhibitors

1-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase: PH, physiology

Adenoviridae: GE, genetics

Apoptosis: PH, physiology

Carcinoma, Non-Small-Cell Lung: GE, genetics

Carcinoma, Non-Small-Cell Lung: ME, metabolism

*Carcinoma, Non-Small-Cell Lung: PA, pathology

Cell Division: PH, physiology

Gene Transfer Techniques

Insulin-Like Growth Factor Binding Protein 3: BI, biosynthesis

Insulin-Like Growth Factor Binding Protein 3: GE, genetics

*Insulin-Like Growth Factor Binding Protein 3: PH, physiology

Lung Neoplasms: GE, genetics

Lung Neoplasms: ME, metabolism

*Lung Neoplasms: PA, pathology

MAP Kinase Signaling System: PH, physiology

Mice

Mice, Nude

Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Kinases: BI, biosynthesis

Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Kinases: GE, genetics

Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Kinases: PH, physiology

Protein-Serine-Threonine Kinases: BI, biosynthesis

Protein-Serine-Threonine Kinases: GE, genetics

Protein-Serine-Threonine Kinases: PH, physiology

Proto-Oncogene Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors

Proto-Oncogene Proteins: PH, physiology

CN 0 (Insulin-Like Growth Factor Binding Protein 3); 0 (MAP Kinase Signaling System); 0 (Proto-Oncogene Proteins); 0 (proto-oncogene protein akt); EC 2.7.1.- (MEK1 protein); EC 2.7.1.- (Protein-Serine-Threonine Kinases); EC 2.7.1.137 (1-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase); EC 2.7.10.- (Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Kinases)

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